Office Environment Assessment Checklist

From A Practical Guide for Implementing the Recommended National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (http://www.omhrc.gov/templates/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlID=15).

Resources

- Are appropriate resources available to patients (e.g., language resources, health care information)?
- Does the health care center (e.g., office) offer appropriate hours based on community employment/illness needs?
- Are patients with special needs, including language needs, afforded extra time in scheduling?

Interactions

- Are interactions among staff and patients open-minded and respectful?
- Are staff members diverse and aware of cultural differences and effects?
- Are staff members aware of confidentiality requirements, and is confidentiality respected?
- Do staff attitudes and behaviors welcome diversity?

Materials

- Does signage appear in languages appropriate to the practice and the community profiles?
- Are written materials of all types (including magazines) available in languages appropriate to the practice and community profiles?
- Do written materials take into account the literacy levels of patients receiving services?
- Do videos or other media for education, treatment, and so on, reflect the culture and ethnic background of the patients?
- Are materials free of negative cultural, racial, or ethnic stereotypes?

Environment

- Is the waiting area comfortable, with pictures, decorations, refreshments, and so on, appropriate to the diversity of the patient community?
- Do the office's reception practices welcome patients of all backgrounds and make it equally easy for them to register, have questions answered, and obtain treatment?
- Do telephone manners acknowledge and account for differences in patients' needs?
- Is a mission plan visible to patients, and does it include a statement about a commitment to delivering culturally competent services?

Organizational Strategies

- Are staff (including physicians) aware of policies about behavior and attitudes toward all patients, including minority patients?
- Are there rewards for appropriate behavior and sanctions for inappropriate behavior?
- Do all staff members receive training in areas that will contribute to cultural competence?
- Is someone responsible for oversight about culturally competent care-related issues?
- Does the organization have a strategic plan for delivering culturally and linguistically appropriate services?
- Is the community involved in decisions about the care and services that are offered?
- Does the practice know which patients need language access services and have a method to supply the services when needed?
- Are staff members aware of social practices, beliefs, history, traditional practices, medical approaches, and other culturally based factors that may have an impact on health care decisions for the minority/ethnic groups represented in the practice?
- Do patients/consumers believe that they are receiving culturally competent care?

Data Collection Resources

Many Web-based resources are available to obtain demographic information for creating community profiles.

Resources	Data on Demographics	Processes for Data
	and Statistics	Collection
Census Bureau Web site: http://www.census.gov	 Useful resource for learning about communities served and the different groups who live there. This site provides information about local resources and workshops to learn how to use the data. Census 2000 data includes race and ethnicity changes between 1990 and 2000; changes over time; and demographic data on race, age, sex, income, poverty level, and more. Data are available by state, county, urban area, school district, and ZIP code. Reports are in PDF format, and can be printed easily. 	 On the Web site's home page go to the left navigation bar and select Data Tools. Choose an option from the Data Access Tools menu
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Web site: http://www.cdc.gov	 This site provides a variety of links about which diseases affect specific populations. Users can find a variety of tools to help analyze the diseases most common to groups in a community This site also provides access to literature about health-related issues. 	 On the Web site's home page go to the left navigation bar and select Data and Statistics. On the Web site's home page go to Publications and Products
Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report: http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr	 This CDC site offers a variety of reports, guidelines, and public health data such as the <i>Morbidity</i> and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR). Users can search numerous CDC data sets at once. 	• On the Web site's home page go to, the left navigation bar and select a menu item(s).
Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance	• This CDC site provides	• On the Web site's

Resources	Data on Demographics	Processes for Data
	and Statistics	Collection
Survey (YRBS): http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/ dash/yrbs/index.htm	 information about risk behaviors of adolescents by nation, state, and territory, and selected localities. All data can be summarized by racial and ethnic background. Risk behavior areas covered include the following: Unintentional and intentional injuries Alcohol and other drug use Tobacco use Sexual behaviors that contribute to unintended pregnancy or sexually transmitted disease Unhealthy dietary behaviors Physical activity 	home page select desired options.
National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS): http://www.cdc.gov/nchs	 This CDC site provides a variety of health data resources that can be selected by age, sex, race, and ethnicity. One section gives trends in racial and ethnic specific rates for health status indicators. 	• On the Web site's home page select desired options.
Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts Online: http://www.kff.org	 This site gives access to health policy information for all 50 states. Users can easily view information by state, or www.statehealthfacts.kff.or g compare and rank data across all 50 states and or the nation. U.S. information on more than 230 topics is displayed in tables and color-coded maps and may be downloaded for custom 	• On the Web site's home page select desired options.

Data on Demographics and Statistics	Processes for Data Collection
analyses.	

Handout 3.3

Checklist of Factors for Successful Collaboration

From Collaborations: What Makes IT Work, by Paul Mattessich and Barbara Monsey. Copyright 1992 by the Amherst H. Wilder Foundation.

Environment

- A history of collaboration or cooperation in the community
- Collaborative group seen as leader in the community
- Favorable political/social climate

Membership Characteristics

- Mutual respect, understanding, and trust
- Appropriate cross-section of members
- Collaboration seen by members as being in their self-interest
- Ability to compromise

Process/Structure

- A stake in both process and outcome shared by members
- Multiple layers of decision-making
- Flexibility
- Development of clear goals and policy guidelines
- Adaptability

Communication

- Open and frequent communication
- Established formal and informal communication links

Purpose

- Concrete, attainable goals and objectives
- Shared vision
- Unique purpose

Resources

- Sufficient funds
- Skilled convener