

Webinar 1





Housekeeping

- All participants muted upon entry
- Engage in chat
- Raise hand if you would like to unmute
- Meeting is being recorded
- Slides and recording link will be sent via email





Learning Objectives – Webinar 1

- Examine the impact of climate change on vulnerable populations
- Discuss adaptation, planning, and resilience strategies
- Identify what health centers are doing to act against climate change and natural disasters





National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH)

- The National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH) is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number U30CS09734, a National Training and Technical Assistance Partner (NTTAP) for \$668, 000 and is 100% financed by this grant. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.
- The mission of the National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH) is to strengthen the capacity of federally funded Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) health centers and other health center grantees by providing training and a range of technical assistance.



Training and Technical Assistance



Research and Evaluation



Outreach and Collaboration

Increase access, quality of health care, and improve health outcomes



National Nurse-Led Care Consortium

The **National Nurse-Led Care Consortium (NNCC)** is a membership organization that supports nurse-led care and nurses at the front lines of care.

NNCC provides expertise to support comprehensive, community-based primary care.

- Policy research and advocacy
- Technical assistance and education support
- Direct, nurse-led healthcare services



Today's Guest Speakers



Jose Leon, MD
Chief Medical Officer
National Center for Health
in Public Housing





Gianna Van Winkle
Director, Emergency Management
Programs
Florida Association of Community Health
Centers (FACHC)





Jamie Barney, DSW, LCSW-BACS
Vice President of Behavioral Health
Open Health Care Clinic



NNCC NTTAP TEAM









Jillian Bird

Director of Training and Technical Assistance Matt Beierschmitt

Senior Program Manager Fatima Smith

Program Manager Junie Mertus

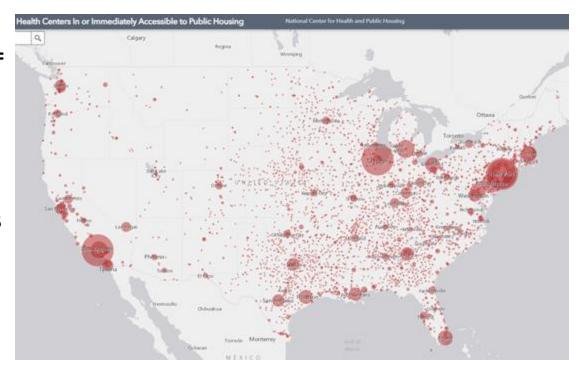
Program Intern



Health Centers Close to Public Housing

- 1,370 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) =
 30.5 million patients
- 483 FQHCs In or Immediately Accessible to Public Housing = 6.1 million patients
- 107 Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) = 935,823 patients

Source: 2022 Health Center Data



Source: Health Centers in or Immediately Accessible to Public Housing Map



Public Housing Demographics



1.5 Million Residents



2 Persons Per Household



38% Disabled



52% White



91% Low Income



43% African-American



26% Latinx



19% Elderly



36% Children



32% Female Headed Households with Children

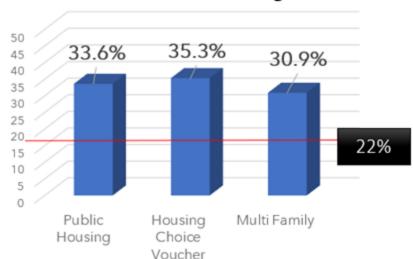
Source: 2022 HUD Resident Characteristics Report



A Health Picture of Hud-Assisted Adults (2006-2012)

Adults in HUD-assisted housing have higher rates of chronic health conditions and are greater utilizers of health care than the general population.

Adult Smokers with Housing Assistance

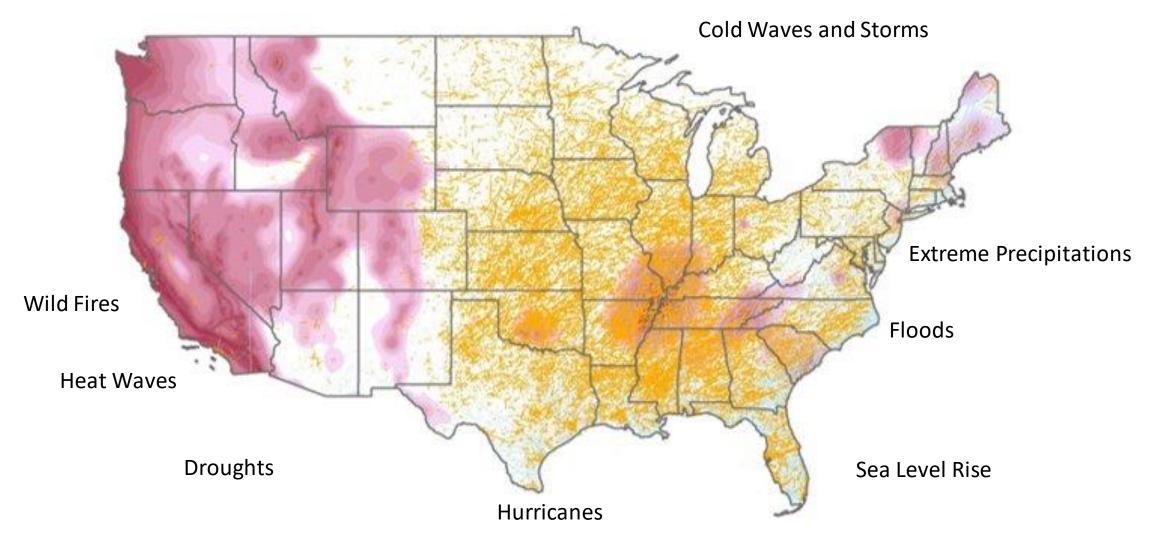


Source: Helms VE, 2017

	HUD- Assisted	Low- income renters	All Adults
Fair/Poor Health	35.8%	24%	13.8%
Overweight / Obese	71%	60%	64%
Disability	61%	42.8%	35.4%
Diabetes	17.6%	8.8%	9.5%
COPD	13.6%	8.4%	6.3%
Asthma	16.3%	13.5%	8.7%



Rising Temperatures

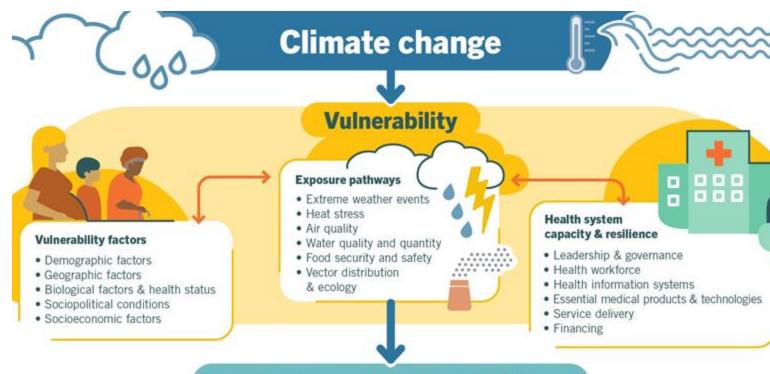




Case Study

• K.B. is a thirteen-year old patient with a three-year history of asthma. The patient's parents are concerned because K.B. wakes every night coughing. The family just moved to an apartment that does not have air conditioning and has received several code violations for a leaking roof and windows. The apartment is located next to two major interstate highways and is 10 miles from a cement factory. Air quality has reached the orange zone several times this month, and pollen levels have been consistently high for several months. I have provided the parent with an Asthma Action Plan and updated K.B.'s medications according to current guidelines. I believe that the environmental factors exacerbate or even cause my patient's condition, so how do I talk with the family about these issues over which they have little or no control? How do I talk with a patient about issues such as air pollution or climate change and their impacts on health?





Climate-sensitive health risks

Health outcomes











Zoonoses



Vectorborne







psychosocial

Health systems & facilities outcomes





Impacts on healthcare facilities

Effects on health systems



related illness

Respiratory illness

diseases and other water-related health impacts.

diseases

diseases (NCDs)

health



Health and Heat

Acute Kidney Injury

Stroke

Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes

Worsened Sleep Patterns

Impacts on Mental Health

Worsening of Underlying Cardiovascular and Respiratory Conditions



Adaptation, Planning and Resilience



- Assessment and planning for health adaptation
- Climate information for health
- Heat adaptation strategies with sustainable low-energy cooling

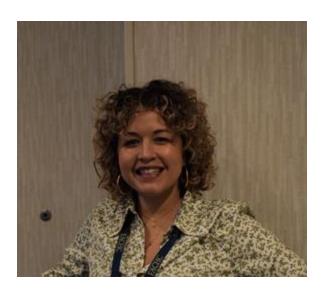


eTABLE B

Additional Resources on Climate Counseling with Patients

Resource/program	Purpose	
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/toolkits/extremeheat/default.html https://ephtracking.cdc.gov/Applications/heatTracker/	Suggests strategies and provides a geographic heat tracker to optimize protection against heat-related health risks	
Community Action Partnership https://communityactionpartnership.com/	Provides technical assistance, training, and other resources to Community Action Agencies; most Community Action Agencies staff can help with application forms for energy bill payments, heating and cooling needs, weatherization, and housing repairs	
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program https://www.LIHEAP.org	Provides resources, information, and links to organizations that support the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program	
Regional Asthma Management and Prevention www.rampasthma.org/	Aims to reduce the burden of asthma with a focus on health equity	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/healthy_homes/hhi	Initiative to protect children and families from housing-related health and safety hazards; may provide portable room air filters and dehumidifiers for basements and air-conditioning systems	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency https://www.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iaq	Provides comprehensive individual, local, and community strategies to address indoor air quality and climate change	





Gianna Van Winkle

Director, Emergency Management Programs

Florida Association of Community Health Centers (FACHC)









ACTING ON CLIMATE CHANGE FOR A HEALTHIER FUTURE: THE ROLE OF HEALTH CENTERS

OCTOBER 18, 2023

GIANNA VAN WINKLE, FACHC DIRECTOR OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS | GIANNA@FACHC.ORG

Health Center Emergency Management Requirements and Standards

- HRSA Program Expectations (PIN 2007-15)
- CMS Emergency Preparedness Rule (updated 2021)
 - Emergency Plan
 - Policies and Procedures
 - Communications
 - Training and Testing
 - Integrated Health Systems
- Joint Commission and AAAHC Standards
- State Requirements



Rural Health Clinic / Federally Qualified Health Center Requirements CMS Emergency Preparedness Final Rule

Updates Effective March 26, 2021

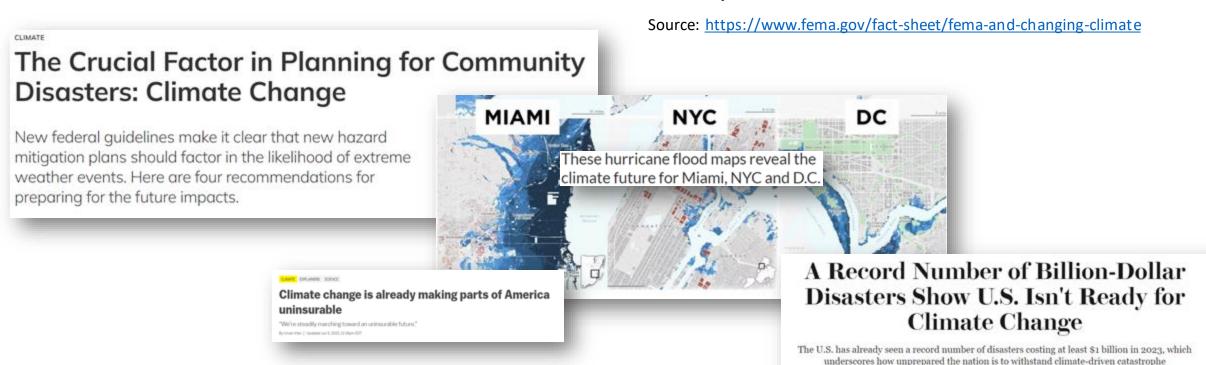
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued the Emergency Preparedness Requirements for Medicare and Medicaid Participating Providers and Suppliers Final Rule to establish consistent emergency preparedness requirements for healthcare providers participating in Medicare and Medicaid, increase patient safety during emergencies, and establish a more coordinated response to natural and human-caused disasters. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) worked closely with CMS in the development of the rule.

This document combines excerpts from the Final Rule and Interpretive Guidelines (as updated 3.6.19, 11.8.19, and 3.26.21) from CMS to provide a consolidated overview document for the Rural Health Clinic/Federally Qualified Health Center (RHC/FQHC) Requirements. This document reflects final language as of the most recent Final Rule updates and Interpretive Guidance updates as of March 26, 2021. For a comparison of changes between past versions, please review the Interpretive Guidelines published by CMS on March 26, 2021.

Climate Implications on Emergency Management

The changing climate is a force multiplier – increasing the number of storms, floods, fires, and extreme temperatures that threaten the well-being of people across our nation.

When emergency managers plan for and strategically invest in climate adaptation measures, the effects from disasters are less severe and the road to recovery starts sooner...



Climate & Equity

Equity: The consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals.

Historically, underserved and marginalized communities are particularly vulnerable to the effects of climate change and can be disproportionately harmed by disasters.

Source: https://www.fema.gov/fact-sheet/fema-and-changing-climate

Climate Related Policy

- Biden Administration National Climate Task Force
 - Inflation Reduction Act
 - Bipartisan Infrastructure Law
- <u>US Congress Ways & Means Committee: HEALTH CARE AND THE CLIMATE CRISIS:</u>
 <u>PREPARING AMERICA'S HEALTH CARE INFRASTRUCTURE</u>
 - 26 Health Centers provided a response to the 2022 RFI
 - Key Takeaways: <u>Extreme weather events & risk + Carbon footprint</u>

Climate Related Policy & Guidance (FEMA)

- FEMA Hazard Mitigation Guide Now Explicitly Addresses Key FEMA Priorities like Climate Change and Equity (as of March 2023)
- Hazard Mitigation Assistance Program
- Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)

STATE CLIMATE SUMMARIES

The State Climate Summaries provided here were initially produced to meet the demand for state-level climate information in the wake of the Third U.S. National Climate Assessment. This 2022 version provides new information and extends the historical climate record to 2020 for each state. The summaries cover assessment topics directly related to NOAA's mission, specifically historical climate variations and trends, future climate model projections of climate conditions during the 21st century, and past and future conditions of sea level and coastal flooding. Additional background information and links are given below.



National Risk & Social Vulnerability Indices

• The National Risk Index is a dataset and online tool to help illustrate the United States communities most at risk for 18 natural hazards. It was designed and built by FEMA in close collaboration with various stakeholders and partners in academia; local, state and federal government; and private industry.

Expected Annual Loss × Social Vulnerability ÷ Community Resilience = Risk Index

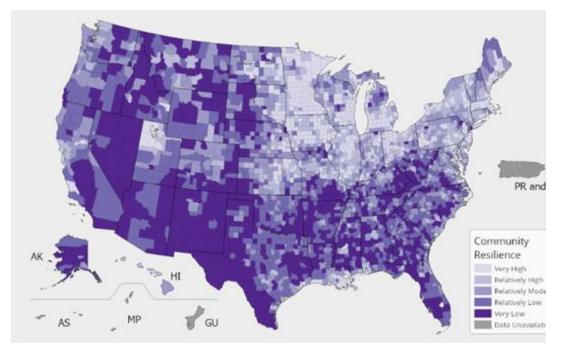
 Social vulnerability refers to the potential negative effects on communities caused by external stresses on human health. Such stresses include natural or human-caused disasters, or disease outbreaks.

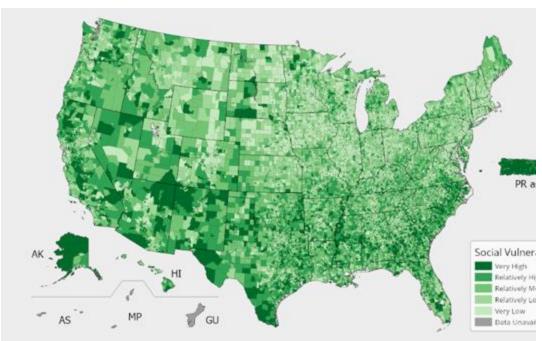
More Information:

https://hazards.fema.gov/nri/community-resilience

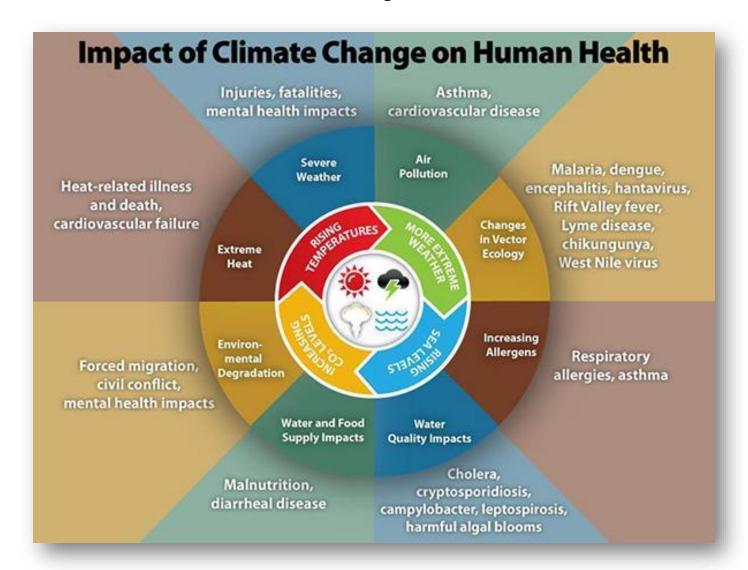
https://hazards.fema.gov/nri/social-vulnerability

https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/placeandhealth/svi/index.html





Health Factors & Community Resilience Strategies



Physical Resilience Strategies

- Facility Improvements
 - Installation of renewable energy / backup generator systems
 - Installation of water catchment and purification systems
 - Installation of secondary/backup data connections Installation/procurement of backup cooling and

 - heating systems Installation of windows that can be opened, insulation of walls and pipes
 Flood Resilience & Prevention
 Installation of flood-proof and/or decentralized
- - wastewater treatment
 - **Elevating Critical Equipment**

 - Dry/Wet Floodproofing
 Installation of flood-proof Electricity, Water, and Data Infrastructure
 - Flood Small Scale Ring Walls Deployable flood control

 - Drainage, rain infiltration, and stormwater retention improvements
 - Elevating and/or Relocating Structures



Supporting Access to Health Care

Resilient Emergency Power for Florida Community Health Centers

MAY 2023



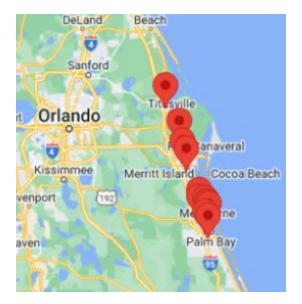






- Health Center Perspective
 Disaster Preparedness Plans: Develop comprehensive disaster preparedness plans that outline specific procedures and responsibilities for staff during different types of disasters. These plans should be regularly updated and practiced through drills and simulations.
- Community Engagement/outreach/education: Foster community engagement and education by conducting workshops, seminars, and outreach programs to inform the public about disaster preparedness and response. This can include information on evacuation routes, emergency contacts, and available services. Offer programs to help individuals and families develop personal disaster preparedness plans, emphasizing the importance of having emergency kits and knowing evacuation routes
- **Risk Assessment:** Collaborate with local authorities and agencies to assess the specific risks associated with climate change-related disasters in the region. Understanding the unique vulnerabilities of the community can help tailor preparedness plans accordingly.

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Health Center Perspective

- Infrastructure Resilience: Ensure the resilience of the health center's infrastructure. This may involve reinforcing buildings, securing medical equipment, and establishing backup power sources to guarantee continuous service during disasters.
- Resource Stockpiling: Stockpile essential medical supplies, medications, and personal protective equipment (PPE) to sustain healthcare operations during and after disasters when supply chains may be disrupted.
- **Emergency Response Teams:** Train and designate specific emergency response teams within the health center to manage patient care, triage, and logistics during disasters.
- **Telemedicine and Telehealth:** Develop telemedicine capabilities to provide remote healthcare services during disasters when physical access to the health center may be limited.



Health Center Perspective

- **Collaboration:** Establish partnerships with local emergency response agencies, hospitals, and other healthcare providers to ensure a coordinated response to disasters. Sharing resources and information can be critical in times of crisis.
- **Mental Health Support:** Recognize the psychological impact of disasters on patients and staff. Provide training for staff to offer psychological first aid and ensure access to mental health services for both patients and employees.
- **Early Warning Systems:** Stay updated with weather and climate information to anticipate and respond to disasters promptly. Implement systems that can alert patients and staff in advance.
- Alternative Care Sites: Identify and prepare alternative care sites that can be activated in the event the health center becomes inoperable due to a disaster.

Health Center Perspective

- **Crisis Communication:** Develop communication plan to ensure that accurate information is disseminated to the public and patients quickly, through various channels, including social media, local news, and community outreach.
- **Regular Drills and Training:** Continuously train staff through regular drills and exercises to ensure that everyone is familiar with their roles and responsibilities during a disaster.

Thanks to
Joseph Perno, Director of Business Operations
BrevardHEALTH Alliance™

What we CAN do NOW

- Recognize that people DO care. 76% of Americans said they would support climate solutions that protect personal and public health.
- Assess opportunity for your Health Center to implement Community and Physical Resilience strategies including those that reduce the organization's carbon footprint.
- Advocate for our communities. Health professionals are, as a group, some of the most highly trusted and ethical professions in the country; our advocacy makes a difference.

Tools and Resources

- NACHC Environmental Health & Climate Change Resources
- EcoAmerica 5 Steps for Climate Communication
- Americares Climate Resilience for Frontline Clinics Toolkit
- Health Care Climate Council Playbook for Hospitals
- <u>CDC's Building Resilience Against Climate Effects (BRACE)</u>
 <u>Framework</u>
- U.S. Climate Resilience Toolkit





Acting on Climate Change for a Healthier Future: The Role of Health Centers

Introduction

Speaker Bio

Dr. Jamie Barney is the Vice President of Behavioral Health at Open Health Care Clinic. In her current role, she oversees the provision of services in the case management, housing, and behavioral health departments.

Dr. Barney is the Vice Chair of the Louisiana State Board of Social Work Examiners. She also remains an active member in the Greater Baton Rouge Area Chapter of the Association of Black Social Workers.

Dr. Barney's interests include efforts to improve services to persons living with HIV and combatting the HIV pandemic, ending homelessness, reducing stigma surrounding mental health and substance use disorder, and securing resources to address community needs.

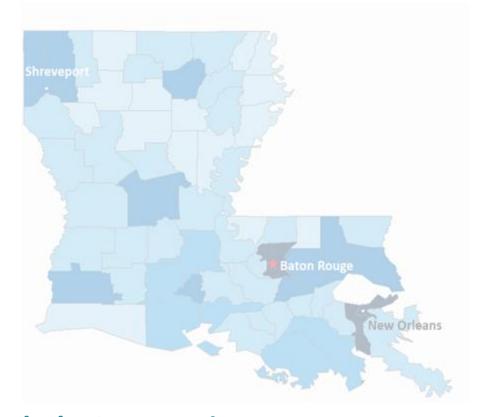
Jamie Barney, DSW, LCSW-BACS Jamie.Barney@ohcc.org





HIV/AIDS Alliance for Region Two (HAART), Inc dba Open Health Care Clinic (OHCC)

- Established in 1995
- Housing programs 2001
- Full service medical clinic 2007
- FQHC Status in 2015



Whole Care for the Whole Community



Our Services

PRIMARY CARE

PEDIATRICS

WOMEN'S HEALTH

ENDOCRINOLOG Y

PODIATRY



SEXUAL HEALTH

PHARMACY

DENTAL

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

SOCIAL SERVICES



LOCATIONS



HAART Clinic

Sexual Health
Primary Care
Ryan White
Housing
Revenue Cycle
Performance Analytics



Administration

Leadership Human Resources Marketing



Mid City Clinic

Behavioral Health Primary Care



LOCATIONS



Denham Clinic

Primary Care Pediatrics Behavioral Health



Colonial Clinic

Pediatrics Women's Health



Mobile Unit #1

Primary Care HIV/STI Testing



LOCATIONS



Baranco YMCA Clinic

Primary Care Behavioral Health



Dental Clinic



One Stop Dental

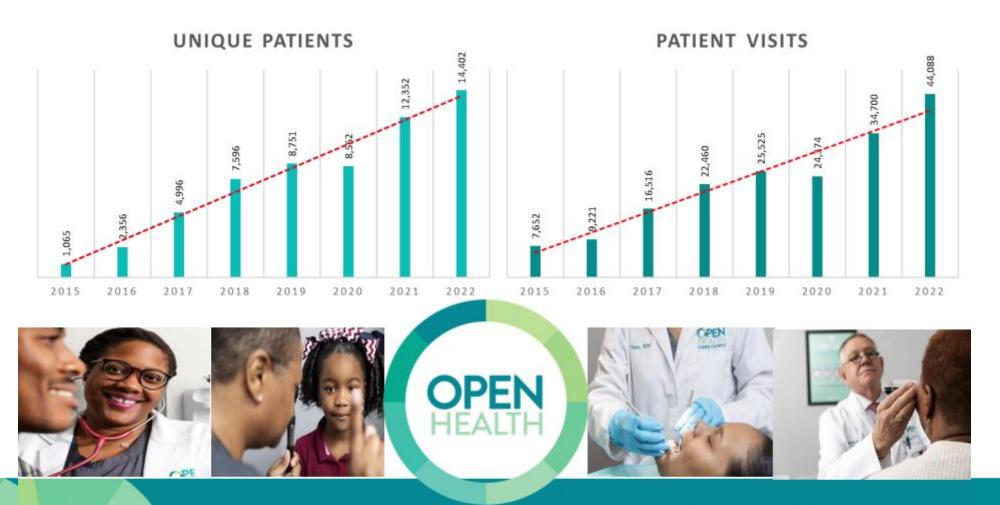


9516 Airline Hwy

Accounting
HIP
Facilities
Central Supply
Primary Care
Behavioral Health



OUR IMPACT





OPENHEALTH



Chronic conditions i.e. PLWH

Persons experiencing homelessness

Persons with mental health disorders

Persons with no/low income

Spanish speaking

Vulnerable Subpopulations



Prepare/Communicate/Respond



Emergency Management Team

Technology

Response Time

Remain Updated & Follow Guidance

Education to Clients & Community

Staff Communication

Support Staff's Mental Well-being

Continuous
Service Provision:
Virtual Service &
Skeleton Crew

Awareness of Additional Resources



Prepare

- Emergency Management Team
 - Identify Roles & Duties
- Tabletop Exercises
- Plan changes in operations
 - Pharmacy
 - Housing
 - Medical

- Messaging to vulnerable populations: ex: PLWH/PrEP
 - Medication Management
 - Case management
 - Copy of labs/list of meds
 - Evacuation plan
 - Important numbers cm, lahap
 - 511 DOT
- Identify shelter & how to get help



Patients

- EMR: Athena
 - Calls, texts, emails
- Social media
- Signage at all locations

Community Partners/Funders

- Patient needs
- Changes in processes
- Exceptions/Allowances
- Identify Additional



SNAP BENEFITS

During Stay At Home Order



What is Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)? SNAP is a federal program that helps millions of low-income Americans put food on the table.

What are supplement SNAP benefits?

Additional benefits to SNAP households to bring them up to their maximum monthly allotment for a household their size.

Is anyone eligible for SNAP? No. All applicants - even those who had hours cut because of COVID-19 - must meet strict federal SNAP eligibility guidelines including income.

What if I can't get enough work hours for SNAP requirements because of COVID-19? During the crisis, there are no time limits for work hours starting on April 1st.

OPENHEALTH

Staff

- textHR
- Email
- 3cx app

Communicat

TELEVISITS AVAILABLE. Get Connected.





225-655-6422 ohcc

ohcc.org/televisit



Respond

Minimize closures

- Telehealth
- Mobile Unit
- Skeleton crew
 - Medical
 - Behavioral Health
 - Dental
 - Pharmacy
- Backup medications
- On Call Provider
- Resources (Basic Needs)
- Contact Clients & Staff







Cool Down Day at One Stop Homeless

Mobile Unit

Cool Down Station

- Cooling Towels
- Water Bottles
- Water & Ice
- Shade

Care Kits

BH Services/Resources

HIV/STI Testing



Q&A

If you would like to ask the presenter a question, please submit it through the chat box on your control panel or use the "raise hand" icon in the reactions tab and your line will be unmuted.





Visit Us at NCHPH.org



About

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PHPC COVID-19 Weekly Updates

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Toolkits

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Provider and Resident-Centered Factsheets

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Blogs



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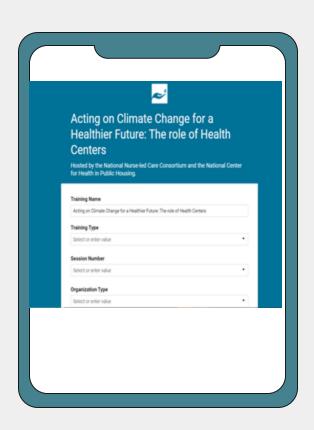


Thank you!









Evaluation Survey

