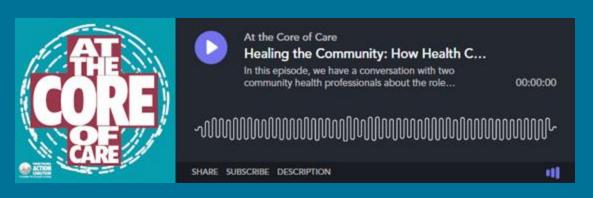
### Telehealth and Home Visitation Services: Improving Health Care Access for Special Populations

Session 1: Home Visitation - November, 7, 2023











### Housekeeping

1 Captions

To adjust or remove captions, click the "Live Transcript" button at the bottom of your Zoom window and select "Hide Subtitle" or "Show Subtitle."

- Questions
  Please add your questions for the speaker and comments for the group into the Chat box.
- Technical Issues
  Please raise your hand to let us know or message us in the chat.
- 4 Recording
  This session will be recorded and available to view on Vimeo

CC

Live Transcript



Chat



Raise Hand



Recording



#### **Disclosures**

**Accreditation Statement:** The National Nurse-Led Care Consortium is accredited as a provider of nursing continuing professional development by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation.

Success Completion Requirements: Nurses completing the entire activity and the evaluation tool may be awarded a maximum of 1.0 contact hours of nursing continuing professional development (NCPD). To obtain nursing continuing professional development contact hours, you must participate in the entire activity, participate in audience polling and/or Q&A sessions, and complete the evaluation.

**Relevant Financial Relationships:** It is the policy of the National Nurse-Led Care Consortium to require nursing continuing professional development program faculty and planning committee members to disclose any financial relationship with companies providing funding or manufacturers of any commercial products discussed in the educational activity. The program faculty and the planning committee members report they do not have financial relationships with any manufacturer of any commercial products discussed in the activity.



The National Nurse-Led Care Consortium (NNCC) is a nonprofit public health organization working to strengthen community health through quality, compassionate, and collaborative nurse-led care.

#### We do this through

- -training and technical assistance
- -public health programing
- -consultation
- -direct care

### **NNCC NTTAP Team**



Jillian Bird
Director of Training and Technical
Assistance



Fatima Smith
Program Manager



**Matt Beierschmitt** Senior Program Manager



Junie Mertus Program Intern

# National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH)

- The National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH) is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number U30CS09734, a National Training and Technical Assistance Partner (NTTAP) for \$2,006,400 and is 100% financed by this grant. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.
- The mission of the National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH) is to strengthen the capacity of federally funded Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) health centers and other health center grantees by providing training and a range of technical assistance.





### National Center for Health in Public Housing

#### **Staff Members**



Jose Leon MD Chief Medical Officer



Kevin
Lombardi
MD, MPH
Manager of
Policy,
Research, and
Health
Promotion



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Sandoval, CHES
Manager of
Training &
Technical
Assistance



**Bob Burns** Program Director



#### Introduction/Welcome

• 5 minutes

#### **Didactic**

• 20 minutes

#### **Program Showcase**

• 25 minutes

#### **Questions & Wrap-Up**

10 Minutes





Today's Agenda

### Meet our speakers:



Dr. Kevin Lombardi, MD, MPH

Manager of Health Research, Policy & Promotion The National Center For Health in Public Housing (NCHPH)



Ingrid Andersson, RN, BSN

Mary's Center for Maternal & Child Care Washington, DC
Director of Care Coordination





### Dr. Kevin Lombardi, MD, MPH

Manager of Health Research, Policy & Promotion The National Center For Health in Public Housing (NCHPH)



### **Health Centers Close to Public Housing**

- 1,373 Federally Qualified
   Health Centers (FQHC) = 30 million
   patients
- 458 FQHCs In or Immediately Accessible to Public Housing = 5.7 million patients
- 108 Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) = **911,683 patients**



Source: 2021 Health Center

<u>Data</u>

Source: <u>Health Centers in or Immediately Accessible to Public Housing</u> Map



#### **Public Housing Demographics**



1.5 Million Residents



2 Persons Per Household



38% Disabled



52% White



91% Low Income



43% African-American



26% Latinx



19% Elderly



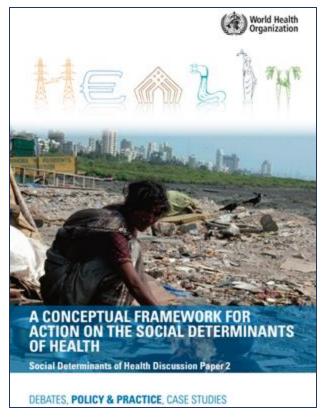
36% Children

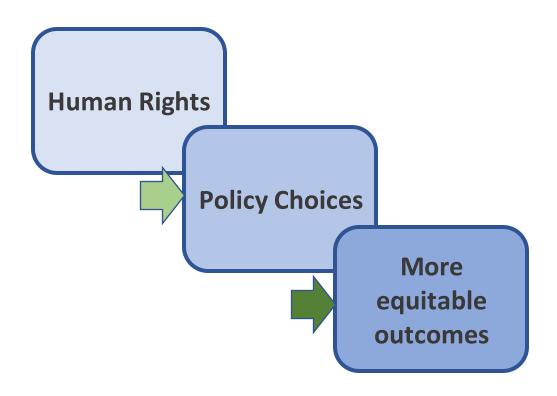


32% Female Headed Households with Children



### **WHO Conceptual Framework**









### The SDOH: Conceptual Overview









Link to resource: Healthy People 2030

#### Telehealth Services and the SDOH



NATIONAL NURSE-LED CARE CONSORTIUM a PHMC affiliate

Telehealth can allow health centers to support individuals that may be disinclined from seeking in-persson care

Health Centers can support patients by creating telehealth centers at central or satellite locations

Health Care and Quality

Neighborhood and Built Environment

Social and Community Context

Partnerships with local and community groups can be utilized to distribute marketing regarding new or existing telehealth services.

Telehealth can be utilized to distribute standardized or personalized public health education

The availability of telehealth services can help patients navigate transportation barriers and lower the cost of care.

# Home visitation and telehealth services at FQHCs and PHPC Grantees

| n (weighted) = 27,224,243                         | All other<br>FQHCs (%) | 95% CI        | PHPC's<br>(%) | 95% CI       | p    |
|---|------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|------|
| Patients who receive home visit in past 12 months | 2.6                    | 1.9-3.5       | 6.50          | 3.0-<br>13.7 | 0.01 |
| Patients who ever received home safety consult    | 9.3                    | 0.83-<br>10.1 | 13.8          | 6.7-<br>26.2 | 0.72 |
| Patients receive Telehealth appointment           |                        | 31.5-         |               | 28.5-        |      |
| in past 12 months                                 | 38.3                   | 45.6          | 38.3          | 49.2         | 0.9  |
| Patients who receive more than 5                  |                        |               |               |              |      |
| telehealth appointments in past 12                |                        | 4.8-          |               | 7.6-         |      |
| months  | 7.4                    | 11.2          | 14.7          | 26.5         | 0.05 |





# Telehealth technology use at FQHC and PHPC locations: UDS results (2021)

|   | All    |        |
|---|--------|--------|
|   | FQHC's | PHPC's |
| Provide telehealth services             |        | 99.0%  |
| Home telehealth services only           | 78.1%  | 82.7%  |
| Home telehealth and outside specialists | 19.9%  | 16.4%  |
| Outside specialists only                | 0.9%   | 1.0%   |





# Telehealth technology use at FQHC and PHPC locations: UDS results (2021)

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| 70 10/ | 02 70/                   |
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|        | FQHC's<br>99.0%<br>78.1% |







#### **Practice Recommendations: UDS Data**



#### **Health Centers that provide PCP and Specialist Telehealth services**







Partnerships with residency and fellowship training programs can grant access to specialists and trainees

Pursuing relationships with state and local Colleges and Universities can grant access to specialists and health professional trainees

|                                  | All<br>FQHC's | PHPC's |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| Mental health                    | 93.2%         | 95.2%  |
| Substance use disorder           | 66.4%         | 71.2%  |
| Chronic conditions               | 63.6%         | 58.7%  |
| Nutrition and dietary counseling | 20.4%         | 21.2%  |
| Primary care                     | 97.4%         | 98.1%  |
| Provider-to-provider counseling  | 15.9%         | 13.5%  |
| Dermatology                      | 6.9%          | 6.7%   |
| Oral health                      | 27.1%         | 33.7%  |
| Disaster management              | 4.3%          | 3.9%   |





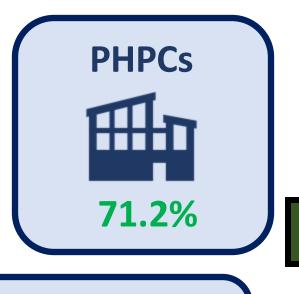


#### **Practice Recommendations: UDS Data**



#### What the data tells us:

# FQHCs 66.4%



PHCPs are more likely to utilize telehealth to provide telehealth services for Substance Use Disorder than other FQHCs

#### **Program interventions:**





Many patients may prefer the privacy that telehealth provides them





#### **Telehealth access points:**

Have been shown to increase appointment attendance in residents of P.H.

Link to Resource: 2022 Health Center Patient Survey

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|----------------------------------|---------------|--------|
|                                  |               |        |
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| Disaster management              | 4.3%   | 3.9%   |





#### Impact of the mental health crisis on telehealth service delivery

The pandemic and ensuing mental health crisis greatly expanded the need for telehealth behavioral health and addiction care services

The share of adults reporting the onset of symptoms of GAD or MDD rose to 39.3% during the pandemic.

Lifting of restrictions led to 75% of behavioral health visits being via telehealth, this has increased to 87% post-pandemic

Service restraints in other areas of health center management puts added strain on behavioral health



The share of adults reporting the onset of symptoms of GAD or MDD rose to 39.3% during the pandemic.

Lifting of restrictions led to 75% of behavioral health visits being via telehealth, this has increased to 87% post-pandemic

Service restraints in other areas of health center management puts added strain on behavioral health





# Chronic Impacts of COVID-19 Infection on Mental Health

The persistent and long-term effects of COVID-19 infection has been shown to precipitate new or exacerbate existing behavioral health issues.

One in 13 adults in the U.S.(7.5%) have had long Covid cumptoms.



Brain fog: Cognitive dysfunction, memory issues, lack of mental clarity

**32**%

Anxiety: New onset or exacerbation of existing symptoms. Often insidious onset and difficult to diagnose.

**23**%

Depression: New onset and exacerbation of existing symptoms. Worsening of symptoms can be



Link to resource: NIH

Link to resource: <u>Heitzman et al</u>





| n (weighted) = 27,224,243    | All other<br>Housing<br>(%) |       | All HUD-<br>assisted*<br>(%) | 95%<br>CI | р   | Public<br>Housing<br>(%) | 95%<br>Cl | р     |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-----------|-----|--------------------------|-----------|-------|
| 11 (Weighteu) – 21,224,243   | (70)                        | 1.8-  | (70)                         | 3.4-      | 0.0 | (70)                     | 4.4-      |       |
| Home visit in past 12 months | 2.5                         | 3.4   | 5.9                          | 9.9       | 1   | 8.8                      | 16.6      | 0.002 |
|                              | 0.0                         | 7.0-  | 12.6                         | 9.2-      | 0.3 | 12.2                     | 7.6-      | 0.66  |
| Home safety consult          | 9.9                         | 13.8  | 13.6                         | 19.7      | 5   | 13.3                     | 22.4      | 0.66  |
| Telehealth appointment in    |                             | 30.7- |                              | 35.5-     | 0.1 |                          | 31.1-     |       |
| past 12 months               | 37.7                        | 45.2  | 45.2                         | 55.4      | 8   | 42.5                     | 54.7      | 0.52  |
| More than 5 telehealth       |                             |       |                              |           |     |                          |           |       |
| appointments in past 12      |                             | 4.7-  |                              | 7.2-      |     |                          | 6.6-      |       |
| months                       | 7.4                         | 11.3  | 11.3                         | 17.2      | 0.1 | 12.8                     | 23.2      | 0.12  |
| More than 8 telehealth       |                             |       |                              |           |     |                          |           |       |
| appointments in past 12      |                             | 2.8-  |                              | 2.7-      | 0.6 |                          | 1.8-      |       |
| months                       | 4.6                         | 7.4   | 5.5                          | 11.0      | 4   | 5.5                      | 15.5      | 0.78  |

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Section 8 Voucher, Housing Choice Voucher, Project-based Section 8 and other HUD PH programs





|                  |                      | All oth |   |             | All HUD- | 95%<br>CI   | р   | Public<br>Housing | 95%<br>CI    | р    |
|------------------|----------------------|---------|---|-------------|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------|--------------|------|
| n (weighted) =   | 95% Confider         | nce     |   |             | (%)      |             |     | (%)               |              | 7    |
| Home visit in pa | Interval             |         |   | 1.8-<br>3.4 | 5.9      | 3.4-<br>9.9 | 0.0 | 8.8               | 4.4-<br>16.6 | .002 |
|                  | possibility          | )       |   | 7.0-        | 42.6     | 9.2-        | 0.3 | 42.2              | 7.6//        | 0.66 |
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| past 12 months   |                      | 37.7    | • | 45.2        | 45.2     | 55.4        | 8   | (statistica       |              | 52   |
| More than 5 tel  | ehealth              |         |   |             |          |             |     | Sign              | ijicariec    |      |
| appointments in  | n past 12            |         |   | 4.7-        |          | 7.2-        |     |                   | 6.6-         |      |
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| Home safety consult Telehealth appointment in past 12 months | All patients<br>(reference<br>group) |              | All HUD-assisted (comparison group 1) |              | 3 d 1     | Public housing only (comparison group 2) |              |       |
| More than 5 telehealth appointments in past 12 months        | 7.4                                  | 4.7-<br>11.3 | 11.3                                  | 7.2-<br>17.2 | 0.1       | 12.8                                     | 6.6-<br>23.2 | 0.12  |
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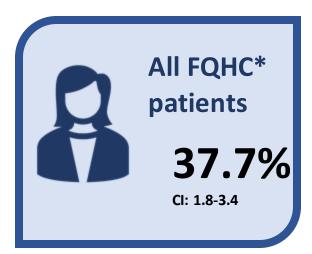


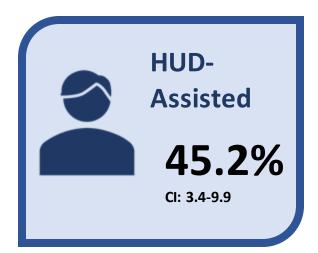
#### **Practice Recommendations: HRSA Patient Survey**

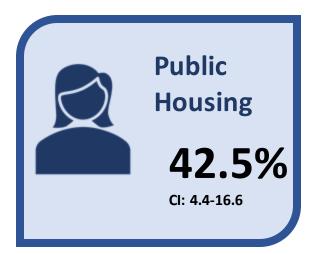
#### **Question HEA2\_TELE**

"During the past 12 months, how many times have you received care services through audio or video communications, also known as telehealth"

Percent of patients reporting at least one telehealth appointment(s) in the last 12 months:













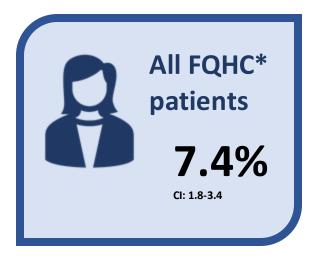


#### **Practice Recommendations: HRSA Patient Survey**

#### **Question HEA2\_TELE**

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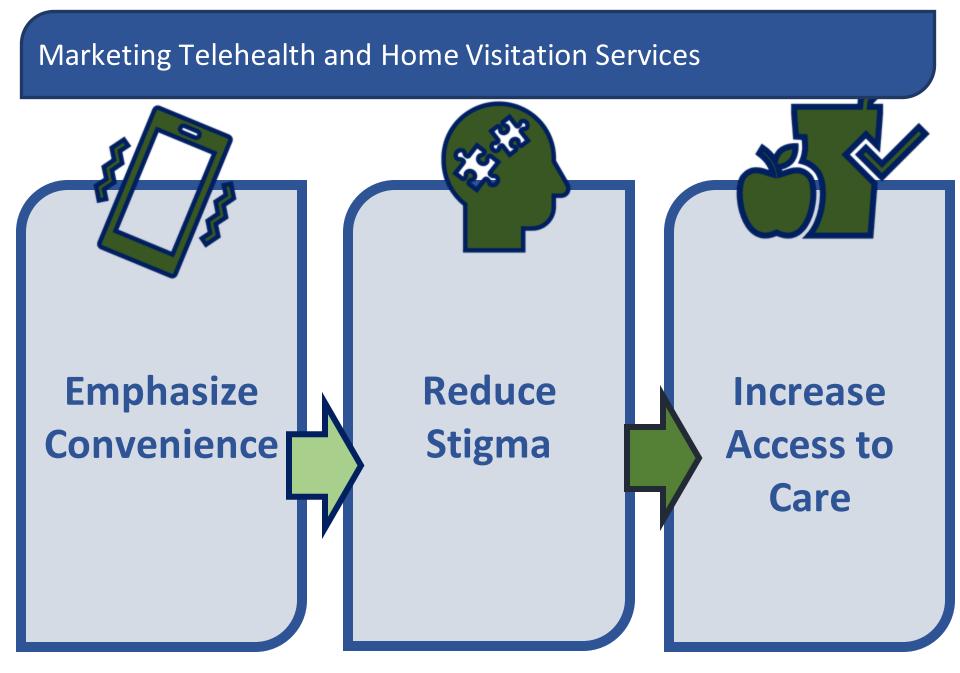












Link to resource: Marketing considerations

### THANK YOU!



Facilitated Telemedicine:
A Strategy to Increase
Healthcare Access and
Equity

Ingrid Andersson, RN, BSN
Director of Care Coordination
Mary's Center



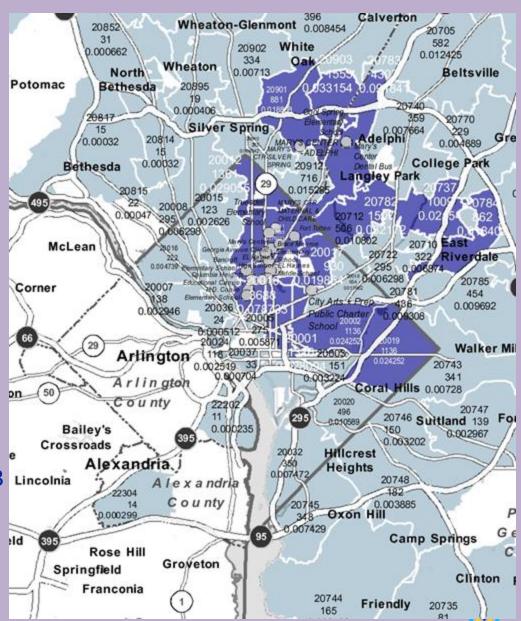
## **Objectives:**

- Explain the facilitated telemedicine model of care.
- Describe how facilitated telemedicine can be used as a strategy to increase healthcare access and equity by addressing barriers to care for various populations, including older adults and people with disabilities.
- Identify challenges and opportunities related to the implementation and maintenance of a facilitated telemedicine program.





- Established in 1988
- Over 65,000 participants from 50+ countries
- 5 full-service community health centers
- 26 School-based mental health programs
- 2 Senior Wellness Centers
- Public Charter School co-located at 3 health centers



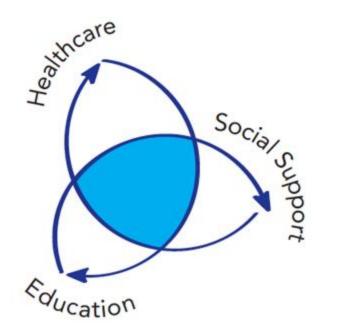


# Our Mission

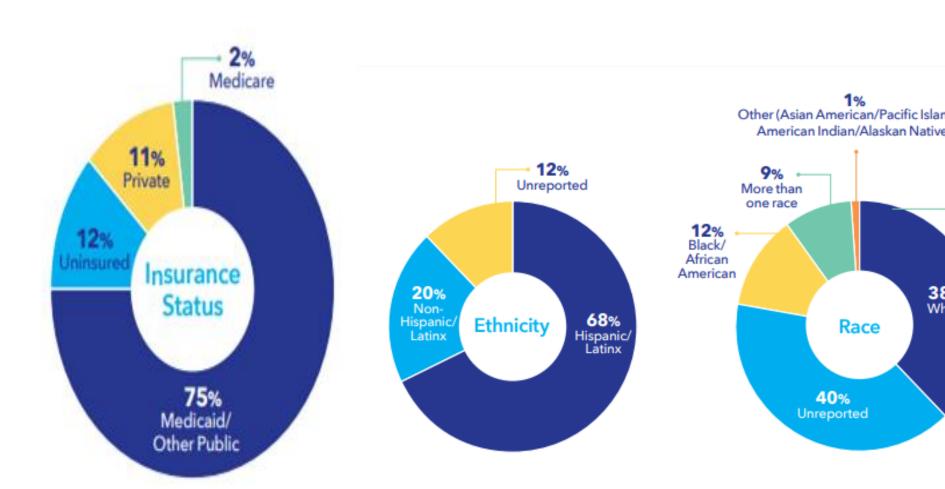
Mary's Center embraces all communities and provides highquality healthcare, education, and social services to build better futures.

# Our Social Change Model:

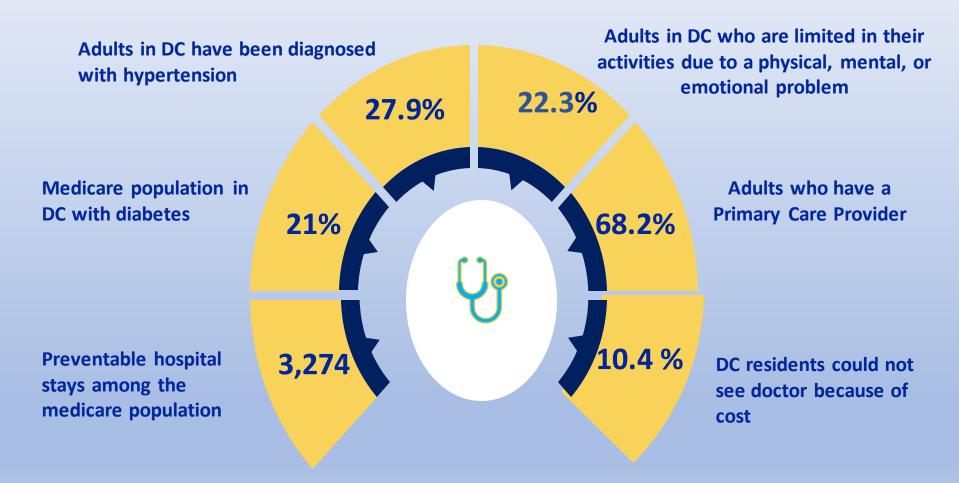
- Striving to address all aspects of wellbeing that can impact quality of life and advancement
  - Comprehensive health care
  - Dual-generation education
  - Social services



## Who we serve:



# **DC Health Statistics**



https://www.dchealthmatters.org/?module=indicators&controller=index&action=view&comparisonId=&indicatorId=2063&localeTypeId=10&localeId=130951

Telehealth and
Strategies to
Increase Healthcare
Access and Equity



**AT MARY'S CENTER WE UNDERSTAND AND EMBRACE** TELEHEALTH AS A **TOOL TO PROMOTE ACCESS AND HEALTH EQUITY.** 



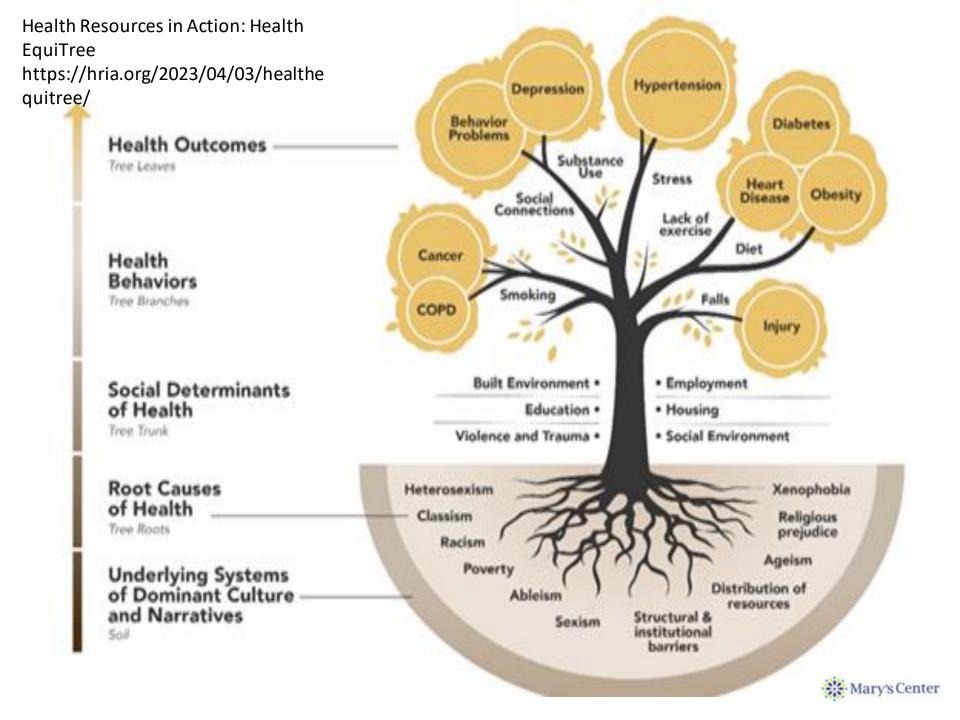
**TELEMEDICINE** 



**TELETHERAPY** 



TELESOCIAL SERVICES





#### Transportation

Many low-income patients lack a car or convenient access to public transportation

#### Mobility Issues

Chronic disease patients particularly affected by physical mobility issues

#### Limited Child Care Support

Appointment logistics complicated for patients with childcare responsibilities

#### Disconnection with Providers

Insufficient opportunities to build relationship and engagement with primary care providers

# BARRIERS TO CARE

# Medical Services at Mary's Center:







# Patient travels to clinic

- Full clinical exam
- Point-of-care tests/labs
- Vaccines/Treat ment

- Doxy.Me ?
   two-way and group video conferencing
- Zoom for Healthcare ?
   Behavioral health groups
- TelevoiceSynchronouscalls

# Telemedicine MA travels to participant home

Point-of-care
tests/labs
Vaccines
Peripheral
diagnostic
equipment
Internet hotspot
and laptop
Video connection
via teams

# TELEHEALTH AT MARY'S CENTER: A BRIEF HISTORY

- 2015: Tele-behavioral Health begins at Mary's Center to expand services to participants who are "hard to reach"
- 2016: Discussions began with DC's largest MCO, AmeriHealth Caritas District of Columbia. When designing the original telemedical model, we focused on barriers to accessing the clinic for appointments (transportation, immobility, workforce issues, and childcare). To increase this access and yet promote adherence to current and developing standards, improve outcomes, and reduce costs, Mary's Center needed to bring the care to our patients and meet them where they are; in their homes.
- 2017: Facilitated Telemedicine program begins as a pilot program for adults with chronic conditions
- 2019: Mary's Center added Facilitated Telemedicine for pediatric participants in July and for pregnant participants in October
- 2020-2022: Mary's Center greatly expanded virtual telemedicine services to patients during the COVID-19 Pandemic
- **Today:** We are looking at what is the right balance between virtual telemedical vs. facilitated vs. in-patient visits to provide the best, most efficient care AND we are conducting an evaluation of our facilitated telemedicine program.

# FACILITATED TELEMEDICINE OFFERINGS:

- Labs
- Vaccines & injectables
- Non-stress testing
- Emotional/behavior al assessments
- Geriatric assessments
- Fall prevention screenings
- Minor wound care
- Medical device teachings

- Medication reconciliation
- Care coordination
- Contraception services
- Ear lavage
- Vision screens
- Hearing screens
- STI treatment



#### FACILITATED TELEMEDICINE SERVICES

#### **ADULT**

# **U**g

- Chronic condition management
- Sick and ER follow up
- Infectious disease testing
- > Physicals/Establish ment of care visits
- Care Coordination

#### **PEDIATRICS**



- Chronic condition management
- Sick and ER follow up
- Annual well visit exams after age 4
- Care Coordination

#### **OBGYN**



- > Prenatal
- > Postpartum
- Antenatal testing
- > GYN Care

#### MAT



Partnershipwith FederalCity RecoveryServices

#### Geriatric



- extended visits with geriatrician
- Geriatric and caregiver screenings
- > Fall prevention
- Care coordination

#### Facilitated telemedicine:



Home Environment



Assessment Tools



Care Coordination



## What does success look like?

#### INCREASED ACCESS TO PRIMARY CARE SERVICES

 Facilitated telemedicine visits allow participants to access preves services from the convenience of their homes, eliminating barries person care

#### IMPROVED POPULATION HEALTH MANAGEMENT

•Participant data can be accurately measured from the comfort of one's allowing us to better monitor and manage their conditions.

#### PATIENT SATISFACTION

•Facilitated telemedicine participants report feeling better able to mana conditions, and appreciate the personal attention, advocacy and care coordination from the facilitated telemedicine medical assistants.

#### ANTICIPATED LONG TERM OUTCOMES



- Adherence to well exams, chronic care followup, treatment plans and immunizations
- Health outcomes



- Inequities in primary healthcare
- Hospital and emergency room over-utilization
- Hospital all-cause readmission rates
- Morbidities and mortalities





# CHALLENGES/CONSIDERATIONS





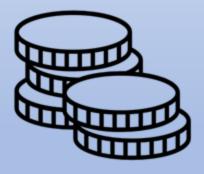




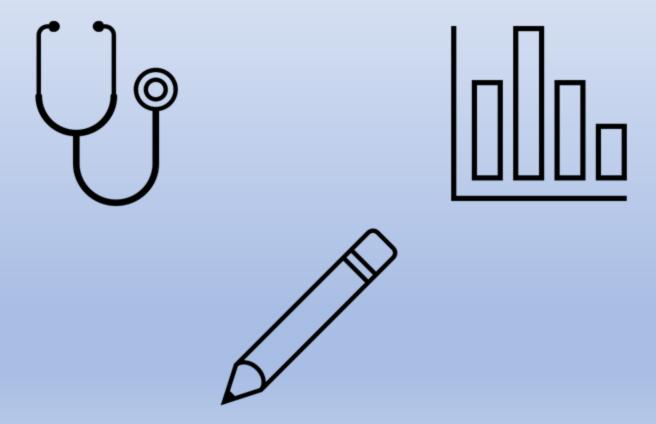
#### **Financial Considerations**







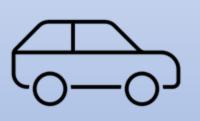
#### **Program Standards**



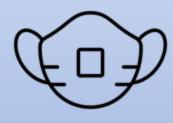
## **Participant Concerns**



#### **Staff Concerns**











#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Kiosks & Pop-up Sites
- Remote Patient Monitoring
- Expanding access to Facilitated Telemedicine to all Mary's Center participants through sustainabilling practices.



Thank you.

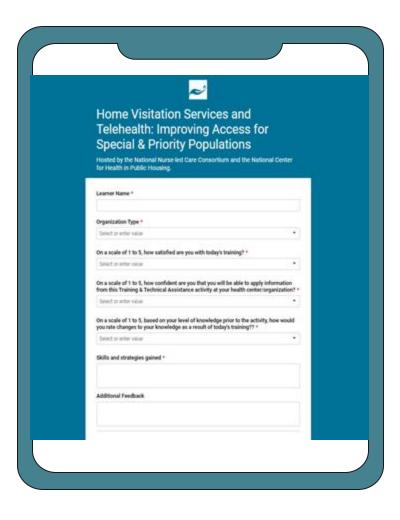
# DISCUSSION QUESTIONS COMMENTS

# Resources





# **Evaluation Survey**





# **Access T/TA Resources**







# **Upcoming Trainings**

#### **Future Trainings**

→ El Rol de los Promotores de Salud en la Detección Equitativa del Cáncer de Mama – June 15, 2023 2:00 PM EST

Explore the intersections of social determinants of health, breast cancer screening interventions, and the use of Community Health Workers in care settings. Our subject matter experts will present best practices to support care team members in increasing access to cancer services and patient and caretaker engagement, with a special emphasis on health centers serving residents of public housing. The webinar will be conducted in Spanish with English live transcript.



# Thank You!

If you have any further questions or concerns please reach out to Fatima Smith <a href="mailto:fasmith@phmc.org">fasmith@phmc.org</a> or Fide Pineda at <a href="mailto:Fide@namgt.com">Fide@namgt.com</a>

