The Road to Health: How to Prevent or Delay Type 2 Diabetes in your Community National Center for Health in Public Housing

National Center for Health in Public Housing

February 2023



# Housekeeping

- All participants muted upon entry
- Engage in chat
- Raise hand if you would like to unmute
- Meeting is being recorded
- Slides and recording link will be sent via email



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# National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH)

- The mission of the National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH) is to strengthen the capacity of federally funded Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) health centers and other health center grantees by providing training and a range of technical assistance.
- The National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH) is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number U30CS09734, a National Training and Technical Assistance Partner (NTTAP) for \$2,006,400 and is 100% financed by this grant. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.



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## Health Centers Close to Public Housing

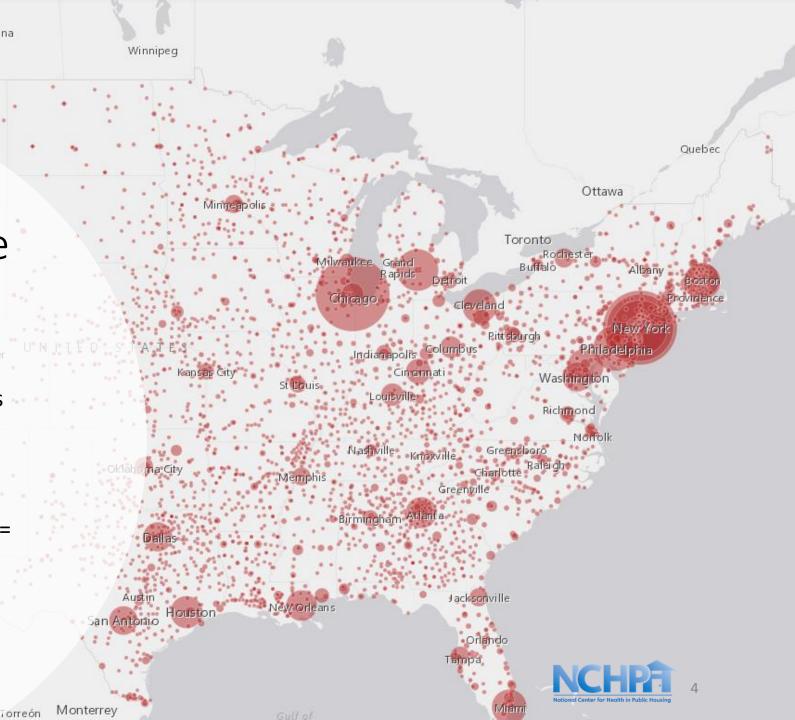
Calgary

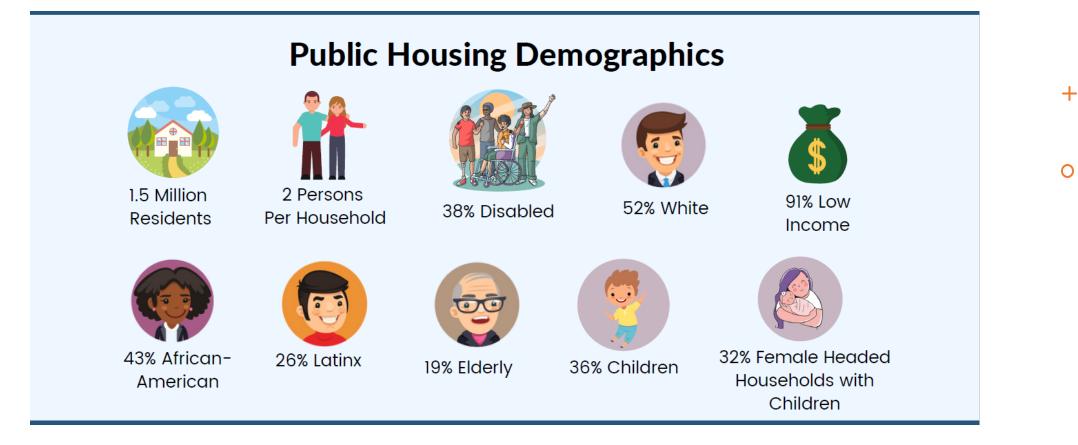
ancouver

Regina

- 1,373 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) = 30 million patients
- 458 FQHCs In or Immediately Accessible to Public Housing = 5.7 million patients
- 108 Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) = 911,683 patients

Source: 2021 Health Center Data Source: Health Centers in or Immediately Accessible to Public Housing Map





Source: 2022 HUD Resident Characteristics Report

## Learning Collaborative Objectives

## 01

### Learn about CDC's Road to Health Training for CHWs

02

Discuss Strategies to Prevent Type 2 Diabetes in your Community 03

Identify Practices on how to Help Members of Your community to Be Physically Active



## Session 1 Learning Objectives



Discuss How Type 2 Diabetes can Be Prevented Review How Diabetes Affects Various Body Organs

2

Identify Type 2 Diabetes Risk Factors

3

Introduce how to Use your Hands to Measure Portion Sizes

4



# Myth or Fact Activity

- 1. Prediabetes can lead to type 2 diabetes, but it's reversible.
- 2. Prediabetes is not a real clinical condition.
- 3. The only diet for people at risk for type 2 diabetes is avoid eating red meat, carbs, or added sugar.

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4. If you have family members with diabetes, you will definitely get it too.





# What is prediabetes?

 Prediabetes is when your blood sugar levels are higher than normal but aren't high enough to be diabetes.



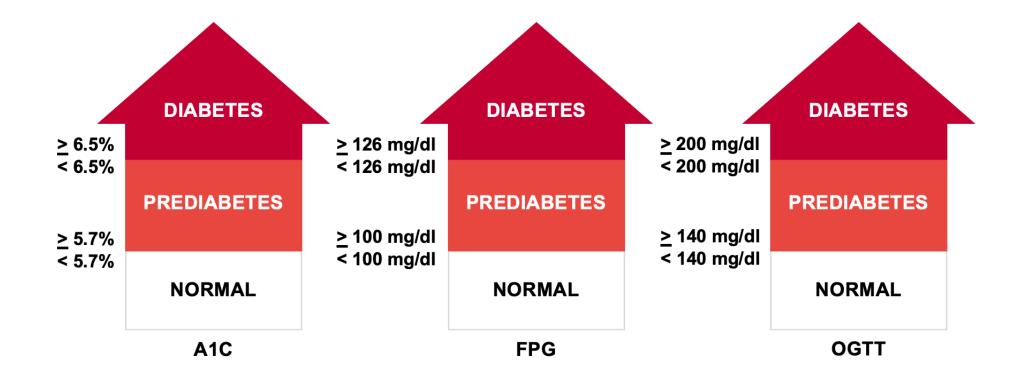


# What is diabetes

- When you have diabetes, your blood sugar levels rise higher than normal. There are three types of diabetes.
- Type 1 diabetes
- Type 2 diabetes
- Gestational diabetes



## How is type 1 and type 2 diabetes diagnosed?





# Portion Distortion II Interactive Quiz

20 Years Ago

Coffee (with whole milk and sugar)



45 calories 8 ounces Today

Mocha Coffee

(with steamed whole milk and mocha syrup) O

+



How many calories are in today's coffee?



# Portion Distortion II Interactive Quiz

Today

20 Years Ago

Coffee (with whole milk and sugar)



45 calories 8 ounces Mocha Coffee (with steamed whole milk and mocha syrup) +

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350 calories 16 ounces

**Calorie Difference: 305 calories** 



## Portion Distortion II Interactive Quiz

Maintaining a Healthy Weight is a Balancing Act Calories In = Calories Out



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2

How long will you have to walk in order to burn those extra 305 calories?\*

\*Based on 130-pound person

## Portion Distortion II Interactive Quiz Calories In = Calories Out



+

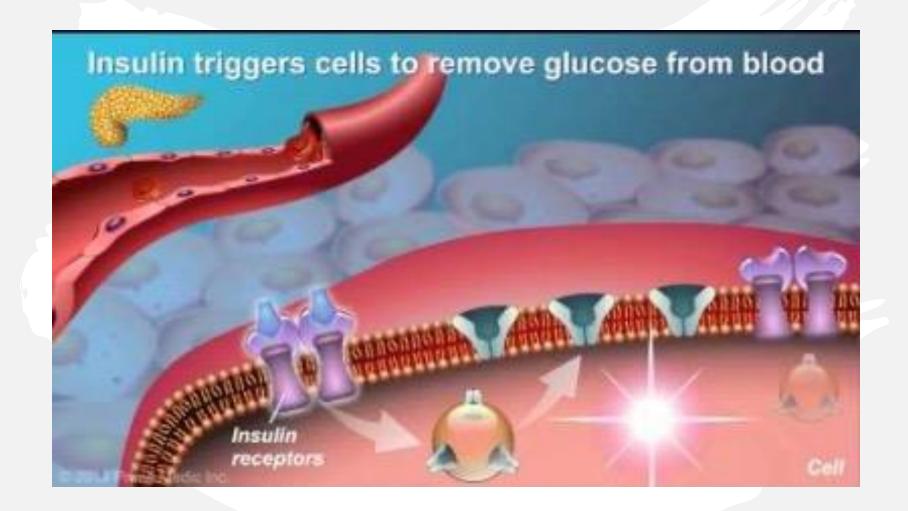
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If you walk 1 hour and 20 minutes, you will burn approximately 305 calories.\*



\*Based on 130-pound person





#### Step by Step

HOW TO PREVENT TYPE 2 DIABETES

The Road to Health Toolkit provides materials to start a community outreach program to help people prevent or delay type 2 diabetes.



National Center for Health in Public Housing



### THE WILLIAMS' FAMILY STORY: Meet sister and brother, Angela and Ray Williams





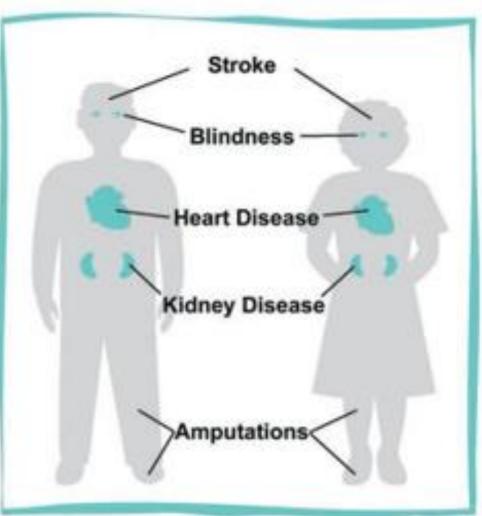
I see our future... a future without type 2 diabetes. Angela, 28 Elementary School Teacher With better choices, we can prevent or delay type 2 diabetes.

> Ray, 32 Realtor

### Type 2 diabetes does not have to be our destiny.







Type 2 diabetes affects our family, but it doesn't have to hurt my health. Overweight

BMI 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54

#### Height (inches)

#### Body Weight (pounds)

58 91 96 100 105 110 115 119 124 129 134 138 143 148 153 158 162 167 172 177 181 186 191 196 201 205 210 215 220 224 229 234 239 244 248 253 258 59 99 104 109 114 119 124 128 133 138 143 148 153 158 163 168 173 178 183 188 193 198 203 208 212 217 222 227 232 237 242 247 252 257 262 267 94 60 97 102 107 112 118 123 128 133 138 143 148 153 158 163 168 174 179 184 189 194 199 204 209 215 220 225 230 235 240 245 250 255 261 266 271 276 61 100 106 111 116 122 127 132 137 143 148 153 158 164 169 174 180 185 190 195 201 206 211 217 222 227 232 238 243 248 254 259 264 269 275 280 285 62 104 109 115 120 126 131 136 142 147 153 158 164 169 175 180 186 191 196 202 207 213 218 224 229 235 240 246 251 256 262 267 273 278 284 289 295 107 113 118 124 130 135 141 146 152 158 163 169 175 180 186 191 197 203 208 214 220 225 231 237 242 248 254 259 265 270 278 282 287 293 299 304 63 64 110 116 122 128 134 140 145 151 157 163 169 174 180 186 192 197 204 209 215 221 227 232 238 244 250 256 262 267 273 279 285 291 296 302 308 314 65 114 120 126 132 138 144 150 156 162 168 174 180 186 192 198 204 210 216 222 228 234 240 246 252 258 264 270 276 282 288 294 300 306 312 318 324 66 118 124 130 136 142 148 155 161 167 173 179 186 192 198 204 210 216 223 229 235 241 247 253 260 266 272 278 284 291 297 303 309 315 322 328 334 67 121 127 134 140 146 153 159 166 172 178 185 191 198 204 211 217 223 230 236 242 249 255 261 268 274 280 287 293 299 306 312 319 325 331 338 344 68 125 131 138 144 151 158 164 171 177 184 190 197 203 210 216 223 230 236 243 249 256 262 269 276 282 289 295 302 308 315 322 328 335 341 348 354 69 128 135 142 149 155 162 169 176 182 189 196 203 209 216 223 230 236 243 250 257 263 270 277 284 291 297 304 311 318 324 331 338 345 351 358 365 70 132 139 146 153 160 167 174 181 188 195 202 209 216 222 229 236 243 250 257 264 271 278 285 292 299 306 313 320 327 334 341 348 355 362 369 376 71 136 143 150 157 165 172 179 186 193 200 208 215 222 229 236 243 250 257 265 272 279 286 293 301 308 315 322 329 338 343 351 358 365 372 379 386 72 140 147 154 162 169 177 184 191 199 206 213 221 228 235 242 250 258 265 272 279 287 294 302 309 316 324 331 338 346 353 361 368 375 383 390 397 73 144 151 159 166 174 182 189 197 204 212 219 227 235 242 250 257 265 272 280 288 295 302 310 318 325 333 340 348 355 363 371 378 386 393 401 408 74 148 155 163 171 179 186 194 202 210 218 225 233 241 249 256 264 272 280 287 295 303 311 319 326 334 342 350 358 365 373 381 389 396 404 412 420 75 152 160 168 176 184 192 200 208 216 224 232 240 248 256 264 272 279 287 295 303 311 319 327 335 343 351 359 367 375 383 391 399 407 415 423 431 76 156 164 172 180 189 197 205 213 221 230 238 246 254 263 271 279 287 295 304 312 320 328 336 344 353 361 369 377 385 394 402 410 418 426 435 443

Source: Adapted from Clinical Guidelines on the Identification, Evaluation, and Treatment of Overweight and Obesity in Adults: The Evidence Report.





Current Weight (in pounds)	5%-7% Weight-Loss Recommendation (in pounds)
150	7-10
160	8-11
175	8-12
185	9-12
200	10-14
215	11-15
225	12-17
250	13-18
275	14-19
300	15-21

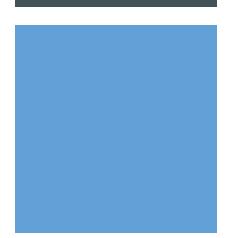






Diabetes runs in our family, but I don't elaim it. I'm making small changes to what l eat and do. I'm losing a few pounds and I'm in control.

Even those of us at high risk can prevent or delay type 2 diabetes.



### How to Use your Hand to Measure Portion Sizes





### How to Visualize your Portion Sizes

#### **VISUALIZE YOUR PORTION SIZE**

#### Visual hints-

- ¼ cup is about the size of a golf ball or ping pong ball.
- 1 cup is about the size of a tennis or baseball.
- A 1 inch diameter sauce cup will hold one ounce.
- A 'pint' deli container holds 16 oz or about 2 cups.

#### Meats-

- 3 oz portion is similar in size to a deck of cards
- 1 oz of cooked meat is similar in size to 3 dice.
- A 1-inch meatball is about one ounce.
- 4 oz of raw, lean meat is about 3 ounces after cooking.
- 3 oz of grilled fish is the size of a checkbook.

#### Fruits and Vegetables-

- A medium apple, peach, or orange is about the size of a tennis ball.
- For cut fruit and vegetables such as watermelon, broccoli, or peas use cups. Also, for small fruit like strawberries or grapes, please use cups.
  1 cup of fruit is about the size of a tennis or baseball

3 oz =

3 oz =

Y

1 oz cooked meat = 3 dice

 For fruits with variable sizes, like a banana, please measure and record the length in inches.

#### Cereal and Pasta-

- 1-cup cooked pasta is about the size of a tennis ball.
- A small bagel is the size of a hockey puck.



#### Cheese, Butter and Spreads-

- 1 oz of cheese is about a 1 inch square or about the size four stacked dice.
- 1 Tbsp of peanut butter / butter is about the size of your thumb.
- 1 tsp of peanut butter is the size of the area from the base of your thumbnail to the tip of your thumb.
- A typical salad dressing ladle in a restaurant will hold 3-4 Tbsp of dressing.

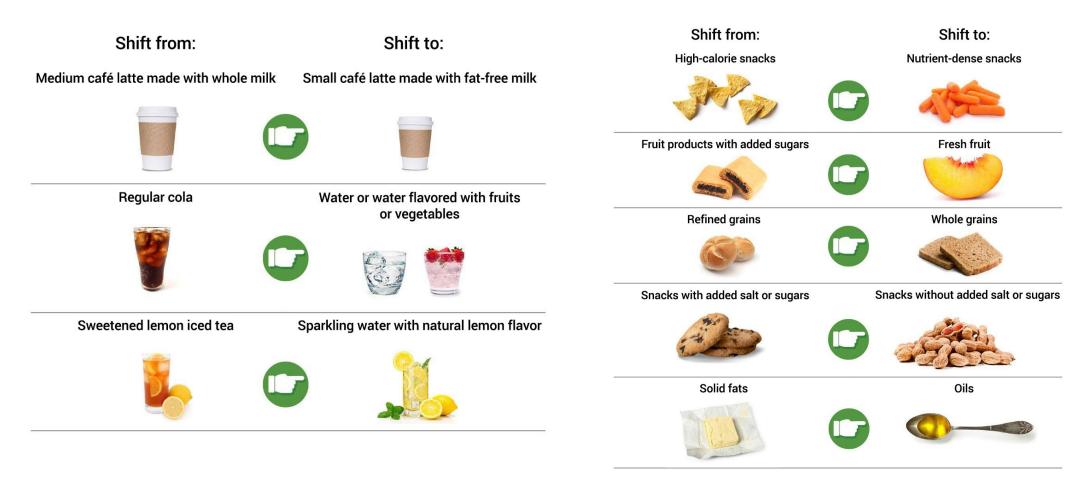


1 cup = Tennis ball ½ cup = Golf ball

Checkbook

Deck of cards

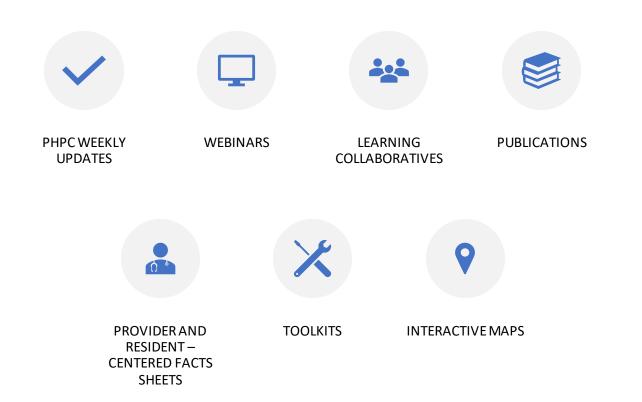
## Choose Wisely



Source: Institute of Aging



## Visit us at <u>NCHPH.org</u>







#### Health Outcomes and Public Housing

This interactive map explores the prevalence of diabetes, low birth weight, poor or fair health and HIV in the U.S. by county, so health centers can compare their performance measures and establish or modify health interventions addressing the health care needs of their communities.





#### Socioeconomic Health Factors and Public Housing

Social and economic factors are strong drivers of how well we live. Across the U.S., people who live in the bottom performance counties face higher rates of



# **Complete Post – Evaluation Survey**

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